## **Creating a Mandala**

#### Information for students

- A mandala is a geometric design meant to symbolize the universe.
   It is an art form that is found in many cultures, and many forms around the world.
- The word mandala comes from Sanskrit and means "healing circle" or "whole world."
- Mandalas are usually circular in shape, with designs starting at the center, and working their
  way outward (or vice versa). They can be seen as a model for the organizational structure of
  life and the universe.





Aye Sophia Mandala-alike
Photograph of the central dome of the
Hagia Sophia, Istanbul
Photo by: Zoya Zoya

A Carved Mandala By Jamie Locke See more at: https://www.jamielockeart.com/

#### **Materials:**

- Paper
- Fine tipped marker for drawing/ tracing
- Markers, pencil crayons, or paint for decoration
- Ruler
- Geometry compass (optional; for drawing circles)

\*\*\*\* If you don't have a compass at home you can trace a circular object, or make your own compass using things you have around the house!

See how here: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_yqmqESN\_Oo">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_yqmqESN\_Oo</a>

Mandala's also look great on round objects like old CDs or Vinyl records! Just be sure to use acrylic paint, nail polish or sharpies so your designs don't wipe off!

#### Instructions

Please see Appendix A for visual instructions for this activity.

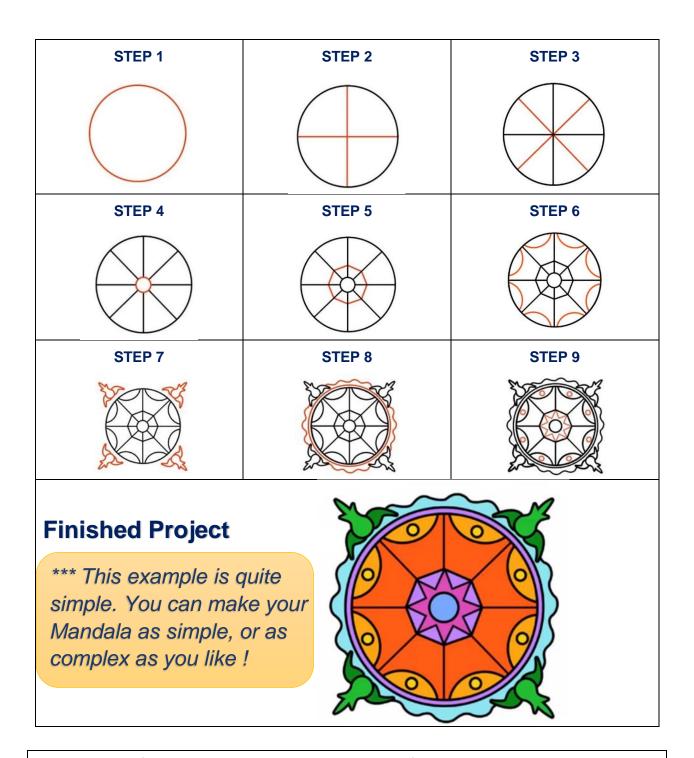
- 1. Create a mandala template. Draw a circle on a blank piece of paper with either a geometry compass or something round (like a bowl or glass) as a guide.
- 2. Find the centre of your mandala. If drawn with a compass, the hole in the paper is the centre. If drawn with a plate, draw a light line in pencil from the top to bottom, and from the left side to the right side. The point where these lines cross is the centre.
- 3. Keep your mandala symmetrical. Line up your motifs along directional lines. Use a ruler and protractor to mark some lines lightly on your mandala.
- 4. Draw a small shape in the middle of the circle, with a pencil or a marker.
- 5. Draw another shape outside this first shape.
- 6. Repeat it in a ring all around your centre motif.
- 7. Keep going, drawing new motifs in expanding rings, as you work toward the outside circle of your mandala. Repeat some of your motifs and introduce new ones as you go.
- 8. Try overlapping some motifs. This creates new and interesting shapes, which still harmonize with what you've drawn so far.
- 9. You may find yourself wanting to go back and add something to a previous ring. The mandala is finished when it feels finished to you!
- 10. Colour in your design keeping your application of colour consistent between the sections. You can apply your colour uniformly, use gradients, or even use patterns to fill the sections!
- In grade 8 we used a fold and trace technique to create our radial name designs, you can use the same technique here if you are making your mandala on paper.

### **Information for parents**

- Ask your child to share their mandala with you.
- Ask your child to describe their process of drawing the mandala to you.
- For help understanding the steps for drawing mandalas, encourage your child to visit: <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sIOh615w4Nk">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sIOh615w4Nk</a>

Elements:	Principles :
Colour	Balance ( Radial, Symmetrical )
Line	Pattern & Repetition
Shape	Harmony

# Appendix A: Creating a Mandala



If you like, you can upload your finished design to social media using the hashtage **#IBartsHSB** or share your work with me via email at <a href="mailto:kvalade@nfsb.qc.ca">kvalade@nfsb.qc.ca</a>.